

2013

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words

as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for the following: 10 x 1 = 10

i) Which three form part of correct array declaration?

1. public int a[]
2. static int [] a
3. public [] int a
4. private int a[3]
5. private int [3] a[]
6. public final int [] a

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) 1, 3, 4 | b) 2, 4, 5 |
| c) 1, 2, 6 | d) 2, 5, 6 |

ii) public class Test{ }

What is the prototype of the default constructor?

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Test () | b) Test(void) |
| c) public Test () | d) public Test (void) |

- iii) What is the most restrictive access modifier that will allow members of one class to have access to members of another class in the same package?
- a) public
 - b) abstract
 - c) protected
 - d) synchronized
 - e) default access.
- iv) Which cause a compiler error?
- a) `int [] scores = {3, 5, 7};`
 - b) `int [] [] scores = {2, 7, 6}, {9, 3, 45};`
 - c) `String cats[] = {"Fluffy", "Spot", "Zeus"};`
 - d) `Boolean results [] = new Boolean [] {true, false, true};`
 - e) `Integer results[] = {new Integer(3), new Integer(5), new Integer(8) };`
- v) Which three are valid method signatures in an interface?
- 1. `private int getArea();`
 - 2. `public float getVol(float x);`
 - 3. `public void main (String[] args);`
 - 4. `public static void main(String[] args);`
 - 5. `Boolean setFlag (Boolean[] test);`
- a) 1 and 2
 - b) 2, 3, and 5
 - c) 3, 4, and 5
 - d) 2 and 4
- vi) You want a class to have access to members of another class in the same package. Which is the most restrictive access that accomplishes this objective?
- a) public
 - b) private
 - c) protected
 - d) default access.

vii) `class A`
`{`
`protected int method 1 (int a, int b)`
`{`
`return 0;`
`}`
`}`

Which is valid in a class that extends class A

- a) `public int method 1 (int a, int b) {return 0;}`
- b) `private int method 1 (int a, int b) {return 0;}`
- c) `public short method 1 (int a, int b) {return 0;}`
- d) `static protected int method 1 (int a, int b) {return 0;}`.

viii) Which is a valid declaration within an interface?

- a) `public static short stop = 23;`
- b) `protected short stop = 23;`
- c) `transient short stop = 23;`
- d) `final void madness (short stop);`

ix) Which two cause a compiler error?

1. `float[] f = new float (3);`
2. `float f2[] = new float [];`
3. `float []f1 = new float [3];`
4. `float f3 [] = new float [3];`
5. `float f5 [] = {1.0f, 2.0f, 2.0f};`

- a) 2, 4
- b) 3, 5
- c) 4, 5
- d) 1, 2

- x) What is the narrowest valid return Type for method A in line 3?

```
public
{
    return Type method A (byte x, double y)/* Line 3 */
    {
        return (long)x/y * 2;
    }
}
```

- a) int b) byte
c) long d) double.

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. 3 x 5 = 15

2. What are the two methods to create threads? Compare them. Explain them with an example Java program. 2+3
3. Explain Function overloading with an example.
4. What is class? How does it accomplish data hiding? 2+3
5. What is constructor? What does the finalize method do? 2+3
6. What is delegation model in Java Applet?

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. 3 x 15 = 45

7. Discuss the differences between the following:
 - i) 'throw' and 'throws' clause
 - ii) Abstract classes and interfaces
 - iii) Applet and Application programming in java
 - iv) Method overloading and method overriding
 - v) final and finally.

8. a) Discuss the garbage collection procedure in java. What is the difference between processes and threads? 2+2
- b) Explain how user defined exception objects can be created and thrown. 5
- c) Explain how parallel child threads can be created from the parent thread? Give programme code to support your answer. 6
9. a) Discuss the Applet life Cycle methods with their functionalities? 5
- b) Explain the parameter passing mechanism using an applet programme? 5
- c) What do you mean by 'Dynamic Method Dispatch'? What is the difference between default access specifier and public access specifier? 3+2
10. a) What will be the output of the following programme code? Explain your answer.
- ```

Class A{void show() {System.out.println("Inside show of A");} }

class B extends A {void show() {super.show();
System.out.println("Inside show of B");} }

class demo{
 public static void main(String args[]){
 A a1 = new B(); a1.show();
 }
}

```
- 4
- b) Discuss the following terms: 3×2
- i) Association
- ii) Aggregation
- iii) Meta-class.
- c) Explain whether java supports multiple inheritance or not. What do you mean by JVM? 3+2

11. a) Discuss the role of the following methods in java: 5×2
- i) `public void join( )` throws `InterruptedException`
  - ii) `getDocumentBase ( )`
  - iii) `getCodeBase ( )`
  - iv) `String int length ( )`
  - v) `Boolean equals ( String str)`
- b) Discuss the Exception class hierarchy starting from the 'Throwable' class. Explain the differences between the 'private' and 'protected' access specifier in java. 3+2

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