CS/BIRM/SEM-5/BIRM-501/2012-13

2012

BASICS OF RISK MANAGEMENT

Time Allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words

as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Environmental risks are
- a) insurable b) non-insurable
- c) excluded d) none of these.
- ii) Which one of the following is an example of peril?
- a) Occurrence of fire in a paper mill
- b) Improper locking in a jewellery shop
- c) Heavy rainfall during the rainy season
- d) Smoking in a warehouse.
- iii) Taylor Tobacco Company is concerned that the company may be held liable in a court of law and forced to pay a large damage award. The characteristics of the judicial system that increase the frequency and severity of losses is known as
- a) Moral hazard b) Particular risk
- c) Legal hazard d) Speculative risk.
- iv) An effective risk management plan will need to address which of the following issues ?

a) Risk avoidance b) Risk monitoring c) Contingency planning d) All of these. v) In which of the following methods of Risk Handling, the chance of loss is reduced to zero? a) Risk Transfer b) Risk Reduction c) Risk Analysis d) Risk Avoidance. vi) is cause of loss. a) Perils b) Hazard c) Risk d) Liability. vii) Uncertainty is a condition where possible outcomes are totally a) known b) unknown c) different d) indifferent. viii) refers to measures that reduce the frequency of a particular severity of a loss after it occurs. a) Risk Identification b) Risk Evaluation c) Risk Control d) Risk Reduction. ix) According to the Law of Large Number, the larger the number of observations a) the higher would be the mean value b) the lower would be the mean value c) the higher would be the variance d) the lower would be the variance. x) Employer's liability risks are covered under Workmen Compensation Act a) 1913 b) 1923 c) 1933 d) 1943.

- xi) Pure risk can be classified into categories.
- a) three b) four
- c) five d) six.

GROUP - B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 2. What do you mean by "The Degree of Risk"? Discuss it with example.
- 3. State the advantages and disadvantages of Risk Avoidance.
- 4. Point out the duties of a Risk Manager.
- 5. Which factors are influencing the acceptability of Risk?

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

- 6. Write notes on the following: 3×5
- a) Non-insurance transfer
- b) Self insurance
- c) Fault tree analysis.
- 7. What is the difference between peril and hazard? Describe the steps of risk management process. Draw a flow chart of Risk management process. 5 + 5 + 5
- 8. a) What do you mean by risk financing?
- b) Explain the different techniques of risk financing.

2 + 13

- Discuss about the direct and indirect costs associated with an accident. 15
- 10. Write down the distinction between the following pairs : $2 \times 7\frac{1}{2}$ a)Dynamic Risk and Static Risk
- b) Fundamental Risk and Particular Risk.