CS/B.Tech(PWE)/SEM-6/PWE-606 B/2012

2012

HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words

as far as practicable.

GROUP – A

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) Ionization coefficients α , γ are functions of
- a) Applied voltage
- b) Pressure and temperature
- c) Electric field
- d) Ratio of electric field to pressure.
- ii) Conduction and breakdown in commercial liquids is

affected by

- a) Solid particles b) Vapour or air bubbles
- c) Electrode material d) All of these.
- iii) Paper insulation is mainly used in
- a) Cables and capacitors b) Transformers
- c) Rotating machines d) Circuit breakers.
- iv) Tesla coil is used for
- a) Generation of sinusoidal output voltages
- b) Generation of very high voltages
- c) Generation of rectangular voltages
- d) Generation of high frequency a.c. voltages.
- v) Electrostatic voltmeters can measure
- a) Only DC voltages
- b) Both DC & AC voltages up to high frequency

c) Impulse voltages

d) AC, DC and impulse voltages.

vi) Most important tests conducted on isolators and circuit

breakers are

- a) Voltage withstand tests
- b) Short circuit tests

c) High current tests

d Temperature rise tests.

vii) Making capacity of a circuit breaker is equal to the

a) 2 times of its symmetrical breaking capacity

b) 3.55 times of its symmetrical breaking capacity

c) 3 times of its symmetrical breaking capacity

d) 2.55 times of its symmetrical breaking capacity

viii) The breakdown strength of mineral oil is about

a) 50KV/mm b) 1MV/mm

c) 20KV/mm d) 3 to 5 KV/mm.

ix) Surge impedance of loss less transmission line is

a) $\sqrt{(C/L)}$ b) $\sqrt{(L/C)}$

c) \sqrt{LC} d) $1/\sqrt{LC}$.

x) Time lag for breakdown is

a) Time taken for the voltage to rise before breakdown occurs.

b) Time difference between instant of applied voltage

and occurrence of breakdown

c) Time required for gas to breakdown under pulse

appliclation

d) None of these.

xi) Mineral transformer oil is used

a) Only for insulation

b) For cooling and insulation

c) To protect from vibration

d) Only for cooling.

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Briefly explain the breakdown phenomenon in

Electronegative gases.

3. Discuss the suitability of SF6 as an arc quenching medium.

4. Write down the different testing for power transformer.

5. State Paschen's law. What does $1.2/50\mu s$, 1000k V impulse wave represents ?

6. Describe the various methods of Arc extinction in a Circuit Breaker.

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) What are pure and commercial liquids ?

b) Explain the different mechanisms for describing the

breakdown phenomenon in Vacuum.

c) Briefly explain the breakdown in solid dielectrics due to treeing and tracking. 4 + 6 + 5

8. a) Explain the various drawbacks of Townsend's theory.

b) In an experiment in a certain gas it was found that the

steady state current is 4.5×10^{-8} A at 6kV at a distance

of 0.4cm between the plane electrodes. Keeping the field constant and reducing the distance to 0.1 cm results in a current of 4.5×10^{-9} A. Calculate Townsend's primary

ionization coefficient α .

c) Write down the different testing for power transformer.

3 + 6 + 6

9. a) Explain with diagrams, different types of rectifier circuits for producing high D.C. voltages.

b) Explain the Van-de-Graaf generator for high voltage.

c) Explain the working principle of Hall generators.

5 + 5 + 5

10. a) Briefly explain the principle operation and limitations of

Generating Voltmeters.

b) A circuit breaker is rated 1500A, 2500 MVA, 33 kV,

3sec, 3-phase oil circuit breaker. Determine :

i) The rated normal current.

- ii) Breaking current.
- iii) Making current
- iv) Short time rating current. 8 + 5 + 2

c) Explain the terms i) Disruptive Discharge voltage

- ii) Creepage distance as referred to high voltage testing.
- 11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following : $3 \times 5 = 15$

- a) Streamer theory of breakdown in gases.
- b) Voltage multipliers
- c) Corona discharge.
- d) Cascade transformer.
- e) Marx circuit.