CS/B.Sc(H), MICROBIO/SEM-4/MBT-404/2012

2012

MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words

as far as practicable.

$\mathbf{GROUP}-\mathbf{A}$

(Multiple Choice Type Questions)

1. Choose the correct answers for any ten of the following :

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

i) The alga which can produce SCP is

a) Chlorella b) Spirulina

c) Both (a) and (b) d) none of these.

ii) The ideal temperature for biogas production is :

a) 40° C-50° C b) 37° C

- c) 30° C- 40° C d) 25° C- 27° C.
- iii) Antibiotics is considered as
- a) primary metabolite b) secondary metabolite
- c) amino acid d) hormone.
- iv) Ethanol can be used as
- a) red petrol b) green petrol
- c) blue petrol d) brown petrol.
- v) Acetic acid is produced by
- a) *Clostridium botulinum*
- b) Gluconobacter aceti
- c) Lactobacillus acidophilus
- d) none of these.

- vi) The bacteria which degrades toluene is
- a) Acinetobacter calcoacetions
- b) Achromobacter xylosoxidars
- c) Pseudomonas fluorescence
- d) Ochrobacterium sp.
- vii) The micro-organism which is not an inhabitant of the
- biofilm in trickling filter is
- a) Alcaligenes b) Ulothrix
- c) Spirogyra d) Flavobacterium.
- viii) The device which has high BOD removal efficiency is
- a) Trickling filter
- b) Rotating biological contactor
- c) Aerobic ponds
- d) Anaerobic ponds.
- ix) The source(s) for production of Bio-diesel is/are
- a) Jatropa b) Soybean
- c) Microalgae d) all of these.
- x) The organism(s) responsible for bioleaching of metals
- from their respective ores is/are
- a) Acidothiobacillus ferroxidans
- b) Ferroplasma sp
- c) both (a) and (b)
- d) Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
- xi) Tetracycline was first isolated from
- a) Streptomyces gresius
- b) Streptomyces aureofaciens
- c) Actinomycetes
- d) Paecilomyces sp.
- xii) Vermicomposting involves conversion of carbon rich

organic compounds to

a) sulphur rich compounds

b) nitrogen rich compounds

c) hydrogen rich compounds

d) sulphide rich compounds.

GROUP – B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. What is the biochemistry for microbial leaching of FeS2 ?

Differentiate tank bioleaching from heap bioleaching. 3 + 2

3. Why is Mercury considered as a health hazard?

4. Write in general the production procedure for Antibiotics.

5. How does *Pseudomonas putida* degrade oil spill ? Name the

plasmid which is responsible for oil spill degradation. 4 + 1

6. How does Bacillus thuringiensis work ? What do you mean

by primary and secondary metabolites ? 3 + 2

GROUP – C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. What is biofuel ? Classify biofuel. What are the microorganisms involved in optimum biogas production ? What is biodiesel and what are the sources from where biodiesel can be isolated ? Describe in brief the production procedure for biodiesel production. How can you characterize biodiesel ?

2 + 3 + 3 + 5 + 2

8. Differentiate chemostat from turbidostat. What is a batch culture ? Draw the growth curve for a typical batch culture.Derive Monod's equation for continuous culture. Differentiate batch from continuous culture. What is fed batch culture ?

3 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 2 + 1

9. Describe the process of Orleans method for vinegar production. What is the role of acidification in vinegar production ? Why acidification is never recommended before the completion of sugar fermentation ? What is the cause for darkening of vinegar ? Name the genera for acetic acid bacteria. Write the reaction for acetic acid production where 5 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2oxygen is required. 10. Why is bacterial heavy metal resistance evolved ? What are metallothionein? What are the five mechanisms to evade metal toxicity ? Why is nutrient removal necessary for 4 + 2 + 5 + 4tertiary sewage treatment? 11. What role is played by amylase in textile industries ? Name the organisms used for assay of Vitamin B12. How can you use micro-organisms as pesticides ? Give an example. What are its advantages over chemical pesticides ? Justify. What is the purpose and the strategy of biological phosphorus removal in tertiary treatment of water? 2 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 4
