CS/B.Tech/(ECE-New)/SEM-3/EC-303/2013-2014

2013

SIGNAL & SYSTEM

Time Allotted : 3 Hours

Full Marks: 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words

as far as practicable.

GROUP - A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any *ten* of the following:

 $10 \ge 1 = 10$

i) Laplace Transform of e^{-at} is

a)
$$\frac{1}{(s+a)}$$

b) $\frac{a}{(s-a)}$
b) $\frac{a}{(s-a)}$
d) $\frac{a}{(s-a)}$

ii) $x(t)=asin\omega t$ is an

a)odd signal	b)even signal
c)both (a) and (b)	d)either (a) or (b).

iii) The signal x(n)= 1+ $e^{j4\pi n/7} - e^{j2\pi n/5}$ is periodic with period of

- a) $\frac{5}{7}$ b) $\frac{7}{5}$
- c) $\frac{4}{7}$ d) $\frac{4}{5}$

- iv) The system define as $y(n)=2x(n)+3x(n^2)$ is
 - a)static , causal b)dynamic ,causal
 - c)static ,non-causal d)dynamic ,non-causal
- v) ROC of unit step function is
 - a) |z|<1
 b) |z|>1
 c) |z|=1
 d)none of these
- vi) The discrete time system defined as

$$H(z) = \frac{z^3 - 3z^2 + 2z}{z^2 + \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{4}}$$
 is

a)causal

b) non-causal

c)none of these

vii) Which one of the following rules determines the mapping of splane to z-plane

- a) Right half of s-plane maps into outside of unit circle in zplane.
- b) Left half of s-plane maps into inside of unit circle in zplane.
- c) Imaginary axis of s-plane maps into circumference of unit circle in z-plane
- d) All of these

viii) Energy of power signal is

a)finite	b)zero
c)infinite	d) between 1 and 2

ix) A system with input x(n) & output y(n) is given as

 $y(n)=\sin(5/6\pi n)x(n)$. The system is

- a) Linear ,stable & invariant
- b) Non-linear ,stable & variant
- c) Linear ,stable & variant
- d) Linear ,unstable & invariant

x) The fourier transform of a conjugate symmetric function is

- a) imaginary
- b) real
- c) conjugate asymmetric
- d) conjugate symmetric
- xi) Energy density function is always
 - a)even
 - b)odd
 - c)neither even nor odd
 - d)both (a) &(b)
- xii) A discrete time system is stable if and only if the ROC of H(z)

a) excludes |z|=1b) includes |z|=1c) both (a) &(b)d) none of these

GROUP - B (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following. $3 \ge 5 = 15$

2. What is meant by aliasing ? What is an anti-aliasing filter?

2 + 3

- 3. Explain the properties of X(z).
- 4. What is time-invariant system? Determine whether the following
 Signal is time-invariant or not: 2+3
 Y(t)=x(-t)
- 5. State and prove initial value theorem of Z- transform
- 6. Determine the energy and power of the following signals:
 - a) x(t)=t u(t) b) $x2n)=3e^{j3\pi n}$ 3+2

GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following. $3 \ge 15 = 45$

- 7. a) LTI system can be completely characterized by its impulse response. Explain.
 - b) Find the overall impulse response of the system shown in fig:



b) Using Z-transform find the convolution of two sequence $X1(n)=\{1,2,-1,0,3\}; x2(n)=\{1,2,-1\}$ 5+5+5

8. a) Find out the output of the system shown in figure given below for

Alt SROID Vout

the input e^{-2t} u(t) using laplace transform:

c) Sketch the convolution of following two signals:



7 + 8

- 9. a) Define s-plane . Describe the concept of poles and zeros in complex plane.
 - b) If X(s) is the Laplace transform of x(t) , then show that $L[x(at)] = 1/\left| a \right| X(s/a).$

c)Determine Laplace transform of a given signal below:



5+4+6

- 10. a) Sketch the given signal x(t)=A[u(t+a)-u(t-a)] for a>0. Also determine The given signal is a power signal or an energy signal or neither.
 - b) From the given impulse response $h(n)=5^nu(3-n)$, check the causality & stability of the system.

c) What is half – wave symmetry?

d)The signal x(t) is shown below:



6+4+1+4

Sketch signal x(3t).

11. a) What is Z-transform ? Find inverse Z-transform of the following:

$$\mathbf{X}(z) = \frac{(Z+0.5)}{(Z+0.6)(Z+0.8)}$$
 (using Residue method).

- b) State the properties of ROC. (2+10)+3
- 12. Write short notes on any three of the following : 3*5
 - a) Dirichlet's condition for Fourier series
 - b)Time scaling of a signal
 - c)Causal system & non-causal system
 - d)Conditional probability
 - e)Scalar signal & vector signal.